

Lesson Ready!

Column Multiplication

Column multiplication is important because it helps us to multiply large numbers. Follow the steps below.

Step 1: Start on the right with the 4. $4 \times 3 = 12$, put down the 2 & carry the 1. $4 \times 4 = 16$, plus the 1 is 17, put down the 17.

Step 2: Now we're working in the tens, so we must but down a 0.

Step 3: $5 \times 3 = 15$, put down the **5**, carry the **1**. $5 \times 4 = 20$, plus 1 = 21.

Step 4: Add them!

¹43

 \times 54

172

+2150

232

Column Multiplicat

Let's try some together! Remember to start on t

Column Multiplication

Have a go by yourself! Remember to start on the right.

33 66 49

<u>x 94</u> <u>x 33</u> <u>x 24</u> 132 198 196

132 198 196 + 2970 + 1980 + 980

<u>2970 + 1980 + 980</u> 3102 2178 1176

65 73 × 34 × 84 × 64 260 292 104 + 1950 + 5840 + 1560

GradeA

Slambo Resources

Rounding

6. 122 = -

Number

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Rounding Numbers

The same concept is applied when rounding to the nearest 100 or 1000. Use this strategy below.

Strategy - Rounding to nearest 100

Step 1: Go to the hundreds place & underlin

374

Step 2: Look at the numbers which aren't ur it closer to 0 or 100? It's closer to 100, so t 400

374 → 400

Rounding Numb

Strategy - Rounding to nearest 1000

Step 1: Go to the thousands place & underlin

7,425

Step 2: Look at the numbers which aren't unit closer to 400 or 500? It's closer to 400, s rounded down to 7.400.

<u>7</u>,425 → <u>7</u>,000

Rounding Numbers

Strategy - Rounding to nearest 10, 100 or 1000

Sometimes, questions can be tricky and might ask you to round to the nearest 100 with a number like 8,241. You just need to follow the same strategy.

Step 1: Go to the hundreds place & underline the number.

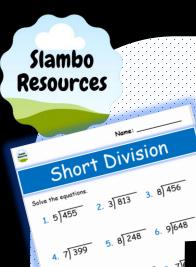
8,241

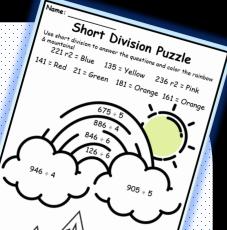
Step 2: Look at the numbers to the right which aren't underlined - 41. Is it closer to 200 or 300? It's closer to 200, so our answer is rounded down to 8,200.

 $8,241 \rightarrow 8,200$

Crage 7

Counding Numbers Puzzle





Divisio

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Short Division

Short division is important for when dividing large numbers. Follow the steps below.

$$8412 \div 4 \rightarrow 4) 8412$$

Step 1: How many times does 4 go into 8?...the a

Step 2: How many times does 4 go into 4?...the a

Step 3: How many times does 4 go into 1?...the a

Step 4: Because the answer was 0, we ask, how radoes 4 go into 12?...the answer is 3

1

Remainders

Short

If you have a remainder, you s number. Check out the exampl

$$423 \div 3 \rightarrow 3 \overline{\smash{\big)}\,423}$$

Step 1: How many times does : remainder 1. Place that remain becomes 12.

Remainders

Short Division

If there is a remainder on the last number, you simply write 'r' and the number. Look at the example below.

$$557 \div 5 \rightarrow 5)557$$

Step 1: How many times does 5 go into 5?...the answer is 1.

Step 2: How many times does 5 go into 1?...the answer is 1.

Step 3: How many times does 5 go into 7?...the answer is 1 remainder 2.

Step 2: How many times does 3 go into 12?...the answer is 4.

Step 3: How many times does 3 go into 3?...the answer is 1.

GradeA